Oakland County CISMA Recommended Invasive Species Treatment Timing

Whether you treat invasive species on your property or hire a contractor to do treatment, it is important to apply the correct treatment method in the correct time of year. This calendar is a planning tool that provides a general overview of the correct time of year for various treatment types and species. Before selecting a herbicide and treatment type, be sure to review the details as more exact timing is often required based on the selected herbicide. Foliar spray stops at or several weeks before the first frost. This table displays appropriate timing for southeast Michigan.

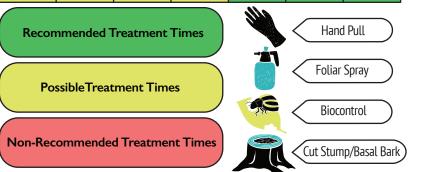
Species	Treatr	ent	an F	eb M	arch	.pril v	iay Ji	ine ,	July	NIB &	ept	oct 4	ON C
Garlic Mustard, Dame's Rocket													
Reed Canary Grass													
Swallow-wort, spp.*													
Knotweeds**													
Asian Bittersweet													
Flowering Rush													
Phragmites													
Purple Loosestrife													
Invasive Shrubs/Vines													
vasive shruhs/vines include	Glossy and (rommon hi	ckthorn aut	umn olive ir	vasive hone	evsuckles					alle		

Invasive shrubs/vines include: Glossy and common buckthorn, autumn olive, invasive honeysuckles, multiflora rose, Asian bittersweet, Norway maple, tree of heaven, black alder, Japanese barberry.

If you find **giant hogweed** or **wild parsnip**, DO NOT TOUCH the plants! Send CISMA a photo and we'll help you with treatment. If you have **European frog-bit**, take a photo and contact the CISMA for treatment assistance.

*Optimal **swallow-wort** treatment time is June through early July, before seeds mature.

**Knotweeds include: Japanese knotweed and giant knotweed. July to mid-August treatment with herbicides Clearcast or Milestone, later August and September effective with other herbicides.



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